Funds for Industrial Development of tribal areas of Andhra Pradesh

3339. SHRI NANDI YELLAIAH: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) the detail of the funds earmarked for industrial development of tribal dominant backward areas of Andhra Pradesh during the Tenth Five Year Plan period;

(b) the amount allocated/released to the State so far since the year 2002-03 for this purpose;

(c) whether the State has fully utilized the released amount;

(d) if so, the details thereof;

(e) if not, the reasons therefor;

(f) the details of the industrial development in the above said areas during 2002—05; and

(g) the subsidy being given/proposed to be given to the entrepreneurs for setting up industries in the backward areas of Andhra Pradesh?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) The schemes for industrial development being operated by the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion under the Union Ministry of Commerce and Industry do not stipulate earmarking of funds for tribal dominated areas.

(b) to (f) Do not arise.

(g) The schemes being operated by the Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion do not provide for subsidy to entrepreneurs. However, information on support/subsidy being given to small scale industries under the various schemes of Ministry of Small Scale Industries is mentioned in the enclosed Statement.

Statement

Funds for industrial development of tribal areas of Andhra Pradesh

SI. No.	Name of the Scheme	Objective of the Scheme	Eligibility criteria for providing subsidy
1.	Credit Linked Capital Subsidy Scheme for Technology Upgradation	Under the Scheme, 15% Capital Subsidy is granted on loans upto Rs. 1 crore for Technology Upgradation.	The eligible beneficiaries are SSI units. Capital Subsidy under the scheme is available for projects of Technological Upgradation for which term loans are sanctioned by the notified primary lending institutions.
2.	Credit ^Guarantee Fund Scheme	This scheme provides guarantee cover upto 75% of credit (term-loan and working capital loan) extended by banks and financial institutions. The scheme is administered by the credit Guarantee Fund Trust for Small Industries (CGTSI) and the member lending institutions (banks etc.) of the Trust. The Government scale contributes 80% of the corpus of the fund.	The Scheme facilitates collateral free credit (term and/or working capital loan) upto Rs. 25 lakhs extended by member lending institutions to new and existing small enterprises/small service and business enterprises.
3.	ISO 9000/ 14001 Certification Reimbursement Scheme	Cost of obtaining ISO 9000/14001 Certification by small scale industries is reimbursed to the extent of 75% or Rs. 75,000, whichever is lower. The objective of the scheme is to improve the marketability of the SSI products by enhancing their quality.	SSI units having permanent registration.
4.	Performance and Credit Rating Scheme	The objective of the Scheme is to sensitize the SSI units to the need to obtain credit rating'and encourage them to maintain good financial track record which would help them earn higher rating for their credit requirements when they approach the banks for their working capital and investment requirements. The	SSI units having permanent registration.

Sl-No.	Name of the Scheme	Objective of the Scheme	Eligibility criteria for providing subsidy
		rating is done by accredited rating agencies. One-time grant upto 75% of the rating fee, subject to a maximum of Rs. 40,000/- is reimbursed to the SSI units availing of the benefit of the Scheme.	
5.	Reimbursement Scheme for Adopting of Bar Coding of products	The Scheme is meant to encourage SSI exporters to tap and develop overseas markets. Marketing Development Assistance for SSI exporters provides for reimbursement of 75% of onetime registration fee to be paid by SSI units to EAN India for adoption of Bar Coding.	SSI units having permanent registration.

Retail and corporate retail trade

3340. SHRIMATI HEMA MALINI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) the quantum of retail and corporate retail trade in our country in monetary terms;

(b) how many Indians are employed in retail trade except in corporate;

(c) what will be the effects of FDI of 51 percent in single brand retail sale and 100 percent FDI in whole sale trading and export trading on job opportunities to our youngsters; and

(d) whether the Government proposes to safeguard livelihood of 4 crore small retail traders against the FDI trade in our country?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) The organized trade at about Rs. 35,000 crores constitutes 3.5% of the estimated total retail business of Rs. 10,00,000 crores.

(b) About 20 million persons are estimated to be employed in retail trade.